

Does wetting hair during scalp cooling decrease scalp skin temperature?

Issam Muhanna^{1,2}, Wouter M. Dercksen¹, Jeanne P. Dieleman¹, Corina J.G. van den Hurk², Wim P.M. Breed²
¹Máxima Medical Centre, Eindhoven/Veldhoven, ²University of Maastricht, ³Comprehensive Cancer Centre South (IKZ), The Netherlands

Background

- Hair is frequently wetted before scalp cooling
- Hypothesis:
 - wetting reduces scalp skin temperature
 - lower scalp skin temperature improves hair preservation by scalp cooling
- If and to what extent temperature is lowered by wetting is unknown
- Study questions:
 - Does wetting reduce scalp skin temperature?
 - How is wetting during scalp cooling tolerated?

Results

- After 30 min. scalp cooling mean temperature difference between dry & wet hair= 2.8°C (95% C.I. 1.8-3.7, p<0.001) (Fig 1)
- Considerable inter-individual differences in scalp skin temperature both in:
 1. dry hair: range 11.2-25.6°C
 2. wet hair: range 9.3-20.8°C

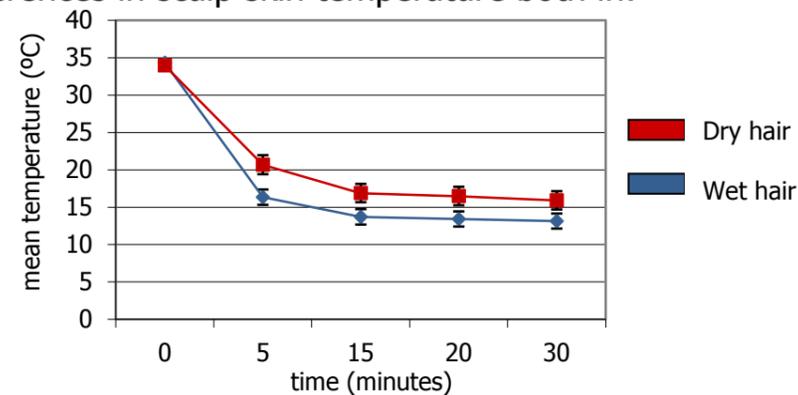


Fig 1 Mean temperature (+sd) during 30 minutes scalp cooling in dry & wet hair

Methods

- 29 healthy volunteers
- Scalp cooling with Paxman cooling device
- Hair wetting with a hair sprayer
- Scalp skin temperature measurements (30 min.):
 1. with dry hair
 2. one side of the scalp dry, other side wetted
- Graded tolerance measurement: 10= no discomfort, 0= very uncomfortable
- Statistics: paired t-test and Wilcoxon signed ranks test



- Tolerance is only reduced during the first minutes:

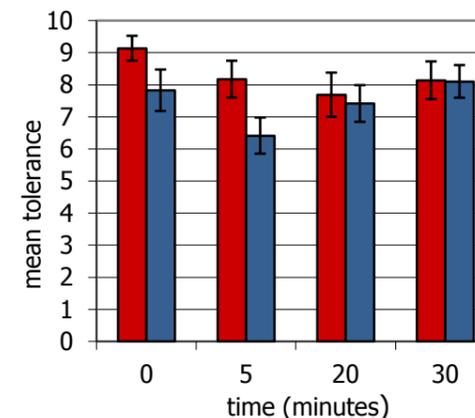


Fig 2 Scalp cooling tolerance (+sd) in dry & wet hair

Discussion

- Wetting of hair before scalp cooling substantially decreases scalp skin temperature
- As to whether wetting leads to less chemotherapy-induced hair loss remains to be studied
- Initially increased discomfort due to wetting is no longer present after 20 minutes scalp cooling
- More rapid decrease of scalp skin temperature by wetting may reduce pré-infusion cooling time



